

THE HEADSMAN OF PARIS.

M. Deibler, the Paris executioner, enjoys a sinecure. Since M. Grévy was called to the Presidency of the Republic, the ideas of Victor Hugo have been allowed to prevail, and no executioner has been allowed to place a guillotine in the courtyard of the prison. The actual guillotine differs considerably from that which is seen at Madame Tussaud's and is supposed to have rendered such sanguinary service to the first Republic. As Monsieur de Paris remarks, it is perfection itself, and none but a chisel would refuse to place its neck in the guillotine on a line with the bright, sharp knives which are kept locked in a leather case at the private residence of the dread official, close to La Roquette. M. Deibler is a quiet man, impressed with the functions intrusted to him. He is of a retiring disposition, as if aware that the office he holds places him beyond the pale of ordinary men, and causes him to be looked down upon by the rest of his fellow-creatures. No one would think, while visiting him in his quiet home, that he has been the means of hurrying hundreds into eternity, or would remember how Troppmann, the murderer of the King's family, had bitten him to the bone when he was assisting at the execution of one of the most cold-blooded assassins of modern times. The apartment he occupies is over the stable where the guillotine is kept packed away until it is wanted for use, and those who describe their visits to the executioner, and relate how he cut a truss of straw in two to show the working of his instrument, have every reason to be thankful for a well-developed imagination. M. Deibler is a tailor by trade, and more than one workman in the quarter of La Roquette has had his clothes repaired by him. He is not a communicative man, and the idea that his name will appear in print makes him nervous, for on one or two occasions he has been taken to task by the Parisian journalists, who have accused him of unnecessary roughness. His looks hardly bear out such a charge, for there is nothing of the bully about him, and those who meet him of a Sunday afternoon when he takes his wife out for a walk with him along the boulevards, would take him to be an ordinary workman bent on enjoyment.

There is nothing picturesque about him. The tight and the red leather jerkin on his predecessor are quite unknown to him. He thinks it due to the solemnity of the occasion, when his services are required, to wear a suit of black clothes and a stovepipe hat. He is a plain, matter-of-fact man, none too brave if what his wife says is true. He requires, according to her version, a considerable number of "Dutch drops" before his courage can be raised to concert pitch. He accepted the post on the resignation of M. Heindrich, whose valet he had been for many years. Custom has not hardened him. He seems to feel the responsibility of shedding the blood of a fellow-creature, more especially in cases with prisoners like Moreau, the hermit of Saint Denis, who declared at the guillotine that he had died innocent. Most of those who have passed through the hands of the present executioner, have admitted their guilt, but even so he remains gloomy and silent for several days afterwards. The Government pays him about £160 per annum. Out of this sum he has to provide his assistants, and no perquisites are attached to his office. The condemned man is brought out of La Roquette with his coat thrown over his shoulders to hide the vest and shirt which have been cut away so as not to impede the downward stroke of the knife. The coat is removed when the criminal is pushed against the guillotine, and this garment is the only garment of the executioner.

CARDINAL MANNING.

Cardinal Manning is in his seventy-fourth year. He is the son of the late William Manning, M.P. and Governor of the Bank of England, and was educated at Harrow and Balliol, migrating thence, after taking the highest honors, to become a Fellow of Merton. He is a typical public school man, and would scarcely have been at any but a fashionable public school. Men who have not had such training may have courtesy manners, may be thorough men of the world, those educated at home may have equal, sometimes more, erudition; but the combination of learning worn lightly like a flower, great frankness of manner with power of reticence when needed, aptness for being at home in any society, from the rough to the courtier, and simple, unconscious ease, are generally to be found among Englishmen only in those educated at first-class public schools. These were the qualities which, joined with his birth and father's position, gave him, even as a very young man, a commanding influence in Oxford society, which raised him to be Archdeacon of Chichester at the early age of thirty-two, and which have made him so great a power in his own communion since he joined it. They have also given him influence among very various circles of society, and have been the great, so that his brother-in-law, the late Bishop of Winchester, smarting under the decision of his friend, and unable to deny himself the use of epigram, called him the "apostle of the gentry." He became Rector of Lavington and Grafton in Sussex in 1834, and married the youngest Miss Serjeant, one of the co-heiresses of the Lavington property, two other sisters having married Samuel Wilberforce, afterward Bishop, and Henry Wilberforce, his brother. Mrs. Manning survived him but a few months. When his spiritual grace of baptism was denied by Mr. Gorham, and the judgment was pronounced to be tenable within the Church of England, Archdeacon Manning, with many others, felt the very ground on which they stood cut from under them. If the Church of England denied sacramental grace, which to them involved the very essence of religion, there was indeed nowhere to turn but to the Church of Rome, however impossible it might seem that they should do so. Immediately after the Gorham judgment was pronounced, Archdeacon Manning shook from his feet the dust of an heretical Church, to join that toward which his steps had so long unconsciously been advancing, when no doubt he found that the boundaries were by no means so difficult to overstep as they had seemed to him on that November day. After the short retirement, inevitable on his change, preparatory to taking orders in the church of his adoption, his rise was rapid, and signal. He, too, like his brother, displayed a great congregation, that of the Oblates, St. Charles Borromeo, filling in the interim the dignified office of Provost of Westminster. In 1865, Monsignor Manning was consecrated Bishop of Westminster. In 1875, he was created a cardinal with the title of Saints Andrew and Gregory. Since his appointment as Archbishop, few men have ever been more before the world. Not only is he a constant preacher in and a frequent preacher out of his diocese, not only has he been a dominant intellectual presence, especially in the Metropolitan Society, a club which met monthly, where he held his own with such disputants as Dr. Martineau, Frederick Harrison, and Professor Huxley, he has also taken part in the social life of London, to such an extent that there is hardly a philanthropic work in which he could consistently co-operate wherein he has not been a sharer. Conspicuous above all has been the aid that he has given to the abstinence societies, both in and out of his church. In politics he is under-

stood to take a strongly democratic view, and has been heard to say that, were he not what he is, his choice would be to be a demagogue. On the Irish question, and to some extent on the extreme Irish side, he has been very outspoken, and should it hereafter prove to be possible that the Catholic Church, at least in the West, should ally herself with the cause of the people, his distinguished from the cause of the oligarchy, Cardinal Manning's name will be found on the roll of those who have helped the fusion of the two.

ONE OF THE ARM-CHAIR THEORIES.

Dr. Thomas, formerly a pastor of one of the Baptist churches of this city, has been airing his views on the Chinese question, and these, were thought of sufficient importance to send across the country three thousand miles by telegraph. The only interest that attaches to these views is that Dr. Thomas once lived in this city, and had very good opportunities for an understanding of the industrial side of the question. He appears to have neglected them so far that he really does not understand the question at all, if we may judge from the tenor of his remarks. Dr. Thomas ranks Chinese in the same category with the lower classes of European immigrants. There is a radical difference, that whereas many European immigrants may be poor enough, they come with an altogether different purpose from the Chinese. The European immigrant brings his family with him. He desires to acquire a homestead of some sort. In the next generation the Italian, German and Norwegian disappear—that is, his children become Americans. The original stock become Americans just as far as they can. If they herd together in large cities, that is because many of them do not understand English, and for a time they find it convenient to live much together. But the children are totally merged in the great mass of English-speaking people. They do not speak the tongue of their fathers. The sooner they forget it the better.

Now the Chinese immigrant is of a different and non-assimilable race—falls below the nature of the European immigrant partly from physical reasons, and partly from an ineradicable habit of mind and life. He does not understand, and will not learn the marriage relation as accepted by civilized nations. He does not bring a wife, does not want a homestead—does not want to stay in the country any longer than he can make sufficient money to make him comfortable in China, where he comes to protect the worst features of China into American cities. He establishes the opium den with all its horrid demoralization, too disgusting to describe; and besides, he brings leprosy and other terrible diseases. He is the leech who sucks up blood. He never becomes an American, and never will. He projects China into America, and wonders why his fifth and disease are not wanted here. Whoever confounds Chinese immigrants with European immigrants ought to be made ashamed of his ignorance. There is not a single feature in the Chinese immigrant like any of those of European immigrants. And although many of the latter may be poor, and some are sent who ought not to come here, yet they disappear—they are absorbed, they become Americans, they are not for any great length of time offensive.

The German does not project into American life any very offensive features. He will drink his beer, sing the songs of his Father Land, plenty on Sunday. But he is, for the most part, a peaceable citizen. He is industrious, saves money, and his children become the most pronounced Americans. What is true of the German is true of some of the Italian, Norwegian, and all other European nationalities. Now, when Dr. Thomas confounds European immigrants with Chinese immigrants together, he makes a ludicrous mistake. He does not know what he is talking about. Clerical ignorance is no more excusable than other kinds of ignorance. Dr. Thomas was never more than a surface observer here, and is apparently no more than that in Brooklyn.

The mistake is just as gross touching the agricultural capacity of this State. It will neither produce rice nor tea. If it would, these products would now be cultivated. Attempts have been made to cultivate both. The climate is not suitable. The nights are not warm enough for the production of rice, and there is probably not an acre of land in all the great valleys of the Sacramento and San Joaquin where rice can be cultivated at any profit. Neither can tea be cultivated with any prospect of success. As for silk, it is still an open question whether it can be produced here with any immediate profit. It is not altogether cheap labor which settles the question. Climate and soil must also be suitable. There is cheap labor enough here already to make tea, rice and silk articles of successful competition. But it took two hundred years to successfully introduce silk culture into France, and with such an example, California need hardly consider Chinese labor as an incident of silk culture.

There is one other fact touching which there have been a great many wild theories. Chinese labor is not cheap—that is, it is not cheap enough to warrant the introduction of any industry which cannot now be prosecuted successfully with white labor. In a few instances Chinese labor has been thought desirable, as in the construction of railroads, where a great number of men can be employed by a given time. The Central Pacific Railroad Company have, for instance, found it advantageous to employ a great number in order to complete the work on that road within a given time. Yet it has been found in the construction of the Northern Pacific Railroad that European laborers are more satisfactory than Chinese, although the former command greater wages. The manager of the largest vineyard company in California declares that for his purposes, Chinese at ninety cents to one dollar a day, are not cheap laborers. They are not so desirable as white men who are paid at least fifty per cent more. It turns out that the cheap laborer is only cheap in the matter of price. It is not cheap relatively if the value of his labor is taken into account.

Now, this fallacy of cheap Chinese labor has been pretty well exploded in California. We shall never produce tea, rice nor silk because a certain number of Chinamen are to be had as laborers at a dollar a day or less. We shall ultimately produce these articles if climate and soil favor production. But it may be taken as something like a demonstration that we shall produce about as much tea and silk as we do at the south of France and Spain are now producing, which is just a little more than none at all. And we shall produce wine, olives, oranges, lemons, apricots and figs as they do in Italy and Spain, because climate and soil favor production, and Chinese labor has nothing under the sun to do with the question. Labor is already cheap enough here to make the production of these latter articles successful, and if labor were down to one shilling a day, which Heaven forbids, it would be no more than a creditable production of rice and tea in California. We have had China projected into this country in support of the theory of cheap labor. That fallacy has been pretty well exploded on this side of the country. But good Dr. Thomas in his arm chair appears to be still nursing the theory. —San Francisco Bulletin.

MAILS EXPECTED.

THE AMERICAN MAIL.
The P.M. steamer City of Tokio, with the next American mail, left Yokohama on the 20th instant, and is due here on the 26th.

STEAMERS EXPECTED.

The steamship *Exult* left Sydney for Hongkong, via Queensland Ports and Port Darwin, on the 26th ultimo, and is expected to arrive here on or about the 24th instant.
The Scottish Oriental Company's steamer *Talchou* left Glasgow on the 17th May, and may be expected to arrive here about the 4th July.

To-day's Advertisements.

THEATRE ROYAL, CITY HALL, HONGKONG.

COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT TENDERED TO THE PRINCESS UNCLE TOM'S CABIN COMPANY AND JUBILEE SINGERS.

LESSEE.....Mr. J. J. ARCHER.
STAGE MANAGER.....Mr. W. HARLAND.
MUSICAL DIRECTOR.....Mr. F. HUGARDO.

THIS EVENING, June 20th.

FIRST PRODUCTION IN CHINA OF MRS. H. BEECHER STOWE'S Moral and Religious Drama entitled "UNCLE TOM'S CABIN."

WITH THE FOLLOWING POWERFUL CAST.
Uncle Tom (a negro slave).....Mr. R. B. Lewis.
George Harris (a quadroon slave).....Mr. J. F. Archer.
Simon Legree (a slave dealer).....Mr. H. L. Lewis.
Mr. St. Clair (a lawyer).....Mr. W. Harland.
Mrs. Selby (slave owner).....Mr. W. Simpson.
Phineas (a quaker).....Mr. S. Darrow.
Skeggs (an auctioneer).....Mr. L. Moult.
Tom Loker.....Mr. H. Mann.
Sambo and Quimbo Messrs. Young & Copeland.
Jim and Peter.....Messrs. S. Darrow and Hall.
Eva (St. Clair's only child, Little Cecilia Brett, aged six years).....Miss Lily De Vere.
Eliza (a quadroon, wife of George Harris).....Miss K. Aden.
Cassia (the nurse).....Miss Alice Belmont.
Mrs. Selby.....Miss Kate Mayne.
Mrs. St. Clair.....Miss Rose Atwood.
Emmelina.....Miss E. Edwards.
Aunt Chloe.....Mr. Bowman.
Topsy.....Mr. J. Moody.
PLANTATION HANDS, OVERSEERS, SLAVES, JUBILEE SINGERS, &c.

ACT I.
SYNOPSIS OF SCENERY.
Mr. Selby's plantation. Uncle Tom's midnight jubilee. Eliza's escape across the Ohio on a block of ice. "Tableaux."

ACT II.
Home of the benevolent Quaker. The escape of George Harris and family. "Liberty or Death."

ACT III.
St. Clair at home. The arrival of Topsy. Eva's song ("I shall poor Uncle Tom be free.") Death of Eva. "Sweet Bye and bye."

ACT IV.
The great Auction scene; sale of St. Clair's slaves; the jubilee singers. The fogging of Uncle Tom. Cassia the avenger. The shooting of Legree. Death of poor Uncle Tom. Vision. "CURTAIN."

Box plan at KELLY & WALSH'S, where seats can be secured.

Dress Circle and Stalls.....\$2.
Pit.....\$1.
Hongkong, 19th June, 1883. [488]

FOR SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.
(Calling at PORT DARWIN, THURSDAY ISLAND, COOKTOWN, TOWNSVILLE, and BRISBANE, and taking through cargo to ADELAIDE, NEW ZEALAND and TASMANIAN PORTS, NEW CALEDONIA and Fiji.)

THE Steamship "NAPLES,"
Captain Wiles, will be despatched as above on FRIDAY, the 6th July, at DAYLIGHT.
For Freight or Passage, apply to GEO. R. STEVENS & Co. Hongkong, 20th June, 1883. [489]

UNION LINE.
FOR YOKOHAMA.
THE Steamship "OXFORDSHIRE,"
Captain Jones, due on or about the 27th instant, will have immediate despatch for the above Port. For Freight or Passage, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, 20th June, 1883. [492]

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

AN EXTRAORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 43, Queen's Road, Victoria, Hongkong, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of July, 1883, at THREE O'CLOCK P.M., when the Resolution Passed at the Extraordinary Meeting of the Company held on the 19th day of June, 1883, will be submitted for confirmation as a Special Resolution.

By Order, JAS. B. COUGHTRIE, Secretary. Hongkong, 20th June, 1883. [490]

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

AN EXTRAORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 43, Queen's Road, Victoria, Hongkong, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of July, 1883, at 2.15 O'CLOCK P.M., when Resolutions will be proposed, each of the existing Shares of the Company be Divided into Five Shares of £100 each, of which the sum of £250 shall be credited as paid up, and that the Memorandum and Articles of Association be altered in accordance therewith.

By Order, JAS. B. COUGHTRIE, Secretary. Hongkong, 20th June, 1883. [491]

Amusements.



TO ARRIVE, PER S.S. "JORGE MAN," FROM MANILA, THE EVER-POPULAR CHIARINI'S ROYAL ITALIAN CIRCUS.

AND PERFORMING ANIMALS!

THIS well-known and favorite combination Augmented and Strengthened by a still further accession of the most Brilliant Talent, comprising—

Male and Female Equestrians, Gymnasts, Acrobats, Skaters, Specialty Artists, Fantomists and Serio Comic Vocalists, will open for a SHORT SEASON ONLY, IN HONGKONG, ON

SATURDAY, the 23rd June.

While thanking the public of Hongkong for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him on the occasion of his former visits, SIG. CHIARINI begs to announce that the brief season he is now about to inaugurate will be signalled by a constant and

BRILLIANT SUCCESSION OF DAZZLING NOVELTIES, CULMINATING IN THE GRANDEST SENSATION ever presented in the Far East!!!

In addition to the already well-known and established Favorites of last season, the following distinguished Artists from the leading Circuses of London, Paris, and Berlin will have the honor of appearing.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY ONZALOSI COMPRISING THE YOUNG AND BEAUTIFUL MILES, ANNETTA, IDALIA, AND ELISE, AND MR. ISIDOR.

THE CELEBRATED GOODRICH TROUPE, (five in number,) OF SKATERS, AND SPECIALTY ARTISTS, INCLUDING MR. E. Z. GOODRICH, AND MILE LISETTE.

MR. GARNET, THE "MAN SERPENT," THE KING OF CLOWNS, PERRY, "THE DROLL."

MASTER J. MADIGAN, THE BOY WONDER.

MISS VIOLA PERRY, MR. J. MADIGAN, AND MANY OTHERS.

whose names will be announced in the order of their appearance.

The Band will be under the able leadership of Professor H. VON DER MEHDEN, THE FAMOUS CHIEF D'ORCHESTRE AND CORNET VIRTUOSO!

SIGNOR GIUSEPPE CHIARINI AND THE MARVELS OF THE EXTENSIVE MENAGERIE!

All to be seen under the MAMMOTH PAVILIONS AT DOWRINGTON!

N.B.—For particulars of opening performance, see future announcements.

G. AGRAZI, General Agent. Hongkong, 19th June, 1883. [486]

Intimations.

THE HALL & HOLTZ CO-OPERATIVE COMPANY.

CAPITAL.....£15,000.
IN 6,000 SHARES OF £2.50 EACH.

1,000 SHARES ARE RESERVED IN PART PAYMENT TO THE VENDORS, AND THE BALANCE IS OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC FOR SUBSCRIPTION.

Payments.—1/5 to per Share on Application; 1/5 to per Share on Allotment; 1/5 to per Share Three Months after Allotment. Where no Allotment is made the deposit will be returned in full.

PROVISIONAL COMMITTEE: F. W. LEMARCHAND, Esq. E. W. RICE, Esq. J. S. EZEKIEL, Esq. F. W. GALLS, Esq. JOHN MORRIS, Esq. G. C. BAIN, Esq.

BANKERS: THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED.

LEGAL ADVISER: R. E. WAINWRIGHT, Esq. AUDITOR: GEO. R. CORNER, Esq.

ABRIDGED PROSPECTUS.

THIS Company is formed for the purpose of acquiring, developing and largely increasing the business of Messrs. HALL & HOLTZ, and of conducting the same, so far as the Shareholders are concerned, upon the Co-operative principle. With this view the Provisional Committee have arranged to acquire the leasehold store and premises in the Nanking and Seetuen Roads and the freehold manufactory and godown in the Yuen-Ming-Yuen and Soochow-Roads, together with the plant, machinery, fixtures, stock-in-trade and goodwill of the Firm's business, upon very advantageous terms.

The following are the principal departments of the business as at present carried on, viz:—Household and General Stores, Wines, Spirits and other liquors, Bakery, Tailoring and Gentlemen's Outfitting, Drapery, Ladies' and Children's Outfitting, Fancy Goods, Furnishing and General Upholstery.

Each branch of the business is in good working order and well provided with all requisite fixtures and plant, while the stock is large and suitable, and the present staff of assistants is thoroughly well qualified.

To add production in the furniture factory, powerful steam wood-working machinery has been ordered and may shortly be expected from Europe.

The gross returns of the Firm's business during the four years ended the 31st of March, 1882, have averaged about \$310,000.00 per annum, while the average annual profit during the same period has, after making ample allowance for bad debts, been over \$40,000.00.

Messrs. AUGUSTUS WHITE and GEORGE R. CORNER have certified to the above figures:—

While the averages mentioned above are for a period of four years, the business done during the latter two of those years shows a marked increase, the profits for the two years ended the 31st of March 1882, being over \$100,000, or about \$50,000 in excess of the previous two years.

The accounts for the year ended 31st March, 1883, have not yet been fully made up, but the Day Books for the last six months of that year show Net Sales of \$178,137.97, against \$166,277.64 for the corresponding period of the previous year, being an increase of \$11,860.33.

The net profits of the business of the Company will be applied in the first place to paying interest to the Shareholders upon their Capital at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, and of whatever surplus may remain, one-third will be applied in such way as the Shareholders shall from time to time determine, and the remaining two-thirds will be divided among those Shareholders who are contributors of business, *pro rata*, according to the amount of business contributed by each during the year in respect of which the distribution is made.

The purchase price to be paid for the land, buildings, plant, steam and other machinery, fixtures, and goodwill appertaining to Messrs. HALL & HOLTZ' business has been fixed at the sum of £150,000, in part payment of which sum the vendors are prepared to accept £15,000, fully paid up shares in the Company and two-thirds of the balance by equal instalments of 12 and 18 months respectively from the formation of the Company, thus leaving only £13,333.33 to be paid down. The unpaid purchase money will bear interest at the rate of five per cent only, and the Directors will have the option of anticipating any payment of principal should they think fit to do so. The Vendors are prepared to dispose of their stock, all of which has been expressly imported for the business, and is in good condition, at its cost, as laid down in Shanghai. Its estimated value is about £125,000. Power will be taken in the Deed of Settlement, to increase the Capital of the Company should such increase, at any future time, appear to the Shareholders desirable.

The present members of the Firm of HALL & HOLTZ have agreed to remain in the Company's service, for at least three years, and to do their utmost to further its interests.

The Agreement of sale and the draft Deed of Settlement are open for inspection at the Office of the Company's Legal Adviser.

Prospectuses and Forms of Application for Shares can be obtained from Messrs. HALL & HOLTZ, or from the Company's Bankers.

Application for Shares at Hongkong or Fook-chow, can be made to Messrs. GILMAN & Co., Agents of the Agri Bank.

June 19th, 1883. [487]

Intimations.

LOST.

ON WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON between Murray Pier and Government House, A GOLD LOCKET, with MONOGRAM and CREST.

The Finder will be REWARDED, if necessary, on RETURNING the same to the "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" OFFICE, Hongkong, 4th April, 1883. [266]

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE DIRECTORS are now prepared to receive TENDERS from suitable persons for a term of FIVE YEARS, for the lease of the HONGKONG HOTEL, with FURNITURE complete.

The Building (together with a powerful passenger lift), will comprise after the proposed alterations and additions have been completed, viz:—

TWO GRAND ENTRANCES from Pedder's Street and Queen's Road, Bar, Billiard, Reading and Smoking Rooms with separate Entrance from Pedder's Street.

A handsomely fitted up Ladies' Room, for the use of visitors and others.

Manager's and General Offices, Kitchens, Store Rooms.

FIRST FLOOR.
A Public Dining Room capable of dining upwards of 170 persons at the same time. ONE LARGE BREAKFAST ROOM.

FIVE elegant and beautifully fitted up suites of ROOMS, consisting of a Private Dining Room, a Drawing Room, a Card Room, a Reading Room, and a Billiard Room.

Two Bed Rooms with a Bathroom to each. SECOND AND THIRD FLOORS.

Have each 26 lofty, well ventilated and lighted Bed Rooms, opening on to large Verandahs with a commodious Bath Room for each room.

All the Passages and Corridors throughout the premises are wide and well lighted, most of the furniture will be new and made expressly for the climate.

The special attention of Hotel Keepers and others is drawn to the unusual advantages offered.

Tenders to state sum per annum and to include taxes. No Tender under \$3,500 per annum will be entertained by the Directors.

Hongkong, 16th April, 1883. [292]

MR. MOORE begs to recommend his GOGO SHAMPOO WASH to the public as unrivalled by any preparation ever produced for promoting the growth of the hair. The basis of this compound is made of soap root; the natives of the Philippine Islands never use anything else for washing their hair; they are never found bald, and it is quite common to see the females with hair from 5 to 6 feet long. By constantly using this Shampoo Wash as directed, you will NEVER BE BLED.

The proprietor offers the Wash to the public entirely confident that by its restorative properties it will without fail arrest decaying hair. It completely eradicates scurf, dandruff, and cures all diseases of the scalp. It does not contain any poisonous drugs. By its cooling properties it always the itching and fever of the scalp which is the great cause of people losing their hair.

Mr. MOORE has succeeded in being able to put this wash up in bottles without allowing it to ferment, and he will guarantee it to keep any length of time in any climate.

FOR SALE ONLY BY MOORE & Co., VARIETY STORE, Queen's Road Central. Hongkong, 25th January, 1883. [321]

NOTICE.

BOOKBINDING AND RULING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES EXECUTED AT VERY LOW RATES AT THE "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" OFFICE. Account Books ruled to any pattern. Music bound in Elegant Style with Best Materials.

"TELEGRAPH" OFFICE, HONGKONG.

J. AND R. TENNENT'S ALE AND PORTER.

DAVID CORSEAR & SONS' MERCHANT NAVY NAVY BOILED LONG FLAX CROWN ARNOLD, KARBURG & Co. Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. [469]

FOR SALE CHEAP. FIVE TO SIX HUNDRED TONS COAL TAR IN BARRELS. CHOY CHEW, 239 PRAYA WEST. Hongkong, 5th April, 1883. [262]

G. FALCONER & CO. WATCH AND CHRONOMETER MANUFACTURERS AND JEWELLERS. NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS AND BOOKS. No. 45, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. [471]

HONGKONG TIMBER YARD WANCHAI. OREGON PINE SPARS AND LUMBER ALWAYS ON HAND. L. MALLOY, Proprietor. Hongkong, 24th June, 1881. [460]

J. M. GUEDES. HOUSE AND LAND BROKER AUCTIONEER, AND COMMISSION AGENT. No. 39, WELLINGTON STREET, HONGKONG. Hongkong, 23rd January, 1882. [5]

THE GOLDEN SCISSOR, No. 42, POTTINGER STREET. A. M. ROBIN TAILOR AND GENERAL OUTFITTER HAS JUST RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING NEW GOODS:—TWEEDS, DIAGONALS, White & Colored DRILLS, UMBRELLAS, GENTS' SILK TIES, HAIR BRUSHES, AND DRESSING COMBS, a varied assortment of FANCY BUTTONS for Gentlemen's Coats and Vests. An INSPECTION INVITED. Note the address:—No. 42, POTTINGER STREET, Hongkong, 16th May, 1883. [424]

The Hongkong Telegraph.



No. 434.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 20, 1883.

SIX DOLLARS PER QUARTER.

For Sale.

ECONOMY IN GAS.

SUGG'S FLAT FLAME BURNERS

SILENT WHITE FLAME
AND EFFECT AN ECONOMY IN GAS OF
30 per cent.
they can be readily attached to ordinary
Gasaliers and Brackets.

SUGG'S NEWEST BURNERS with Artistic
shades for DRAWING ROOM and DINING
ROOM.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.,
Agents for Hongkong.

ARTISTIC PORCELAIN MENU STANDS.

HAND-ETCHED MENU AND NAME
CARDS.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

DEVOE'S NONPAREIL KEROSINE, 150
Degrees fire test, a perfectly safe Oil.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Hongkong, 29th May, 1883. [340]

Insurances.

NATIONAL MARINE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

THE Undersigned as AGENTS for the above
are prepared to accept RISKS on MER-
CHANDISE by STEAMERS and SAILING VESSELS
from Hongkong, China, and Japan to all parts of
the world.

For further information apply to
ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 18th May, 1883. [393]

YANGTZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

CAPITAL (Fully Paid-up) £1,200,000.00
PERMANENT RESERVE £1,200,000.00
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND £1,200,000.00
TOTAL CAPITAL and
Accumulations, 31st
March, 1883, £3,600,000.00

DIRECTORS.
F. D. HITCH, Esq., Chairman.
C. LUCAS, Esq., W. M. MURPHY, Esq.,
J. INVERARY, Esq., G. H. WHEELER, Esq.

HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.
Messrs. RUSSELL & Co., Secretaries.

LONDON BRANCH.
Messrs. BARRING BROTHERS & Co.,
Bankers.

RICHARD BLACKWELL, Esq., Agent,
68 and 69, Cornhill, E.C.

POLICIES granted on MARINE RISKS to all
parts of the world.
Subject to a charge of 12 per cent. for interest
on Shareholders' Capital, all the PROFITS of the
UNDERWRITING BUSINESS are, annually dis-
tributed among all Contributors of Business (whether
Shareholders or not) in proportion to the
premium paid by them.

RUSSELL & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 25th May, 1883. [83]

NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

(CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED) \$1,000,000.
The above Company is prepared to accept
MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on GOODS,
&c. Policies granted to all parts of the world
payable at any of its Agencies.

WOO LIN YUEN,
Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE,
No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD, WEST.
Hongkong, 1st February, 1882. [106]

THE Undersigned have been appointed
AGENTS to the NEW YORK BOARD
of UNDERWRITERS.

ARNHOLD, KARBURG & CO.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1883.

RECORD OF AMERICAN AND FOREIGN
SHIPPING.
Agents,
ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co.
Hongkong, 15th June, 1883. [470]

GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON-TAI INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

CAPITAL PAID-UP 600,000, EQUAL \$3,333,333-33
RESERVE FUND \$70,858-37.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
LEE SING, Esq., LEE YAT LAM, Esq.,
LO YOK MOON, Esq., CHU CHIK NING, Esq.

MANAGER—HO AMEI.

MARINE RISKS on GOODS, &c., taken at
CURRENT RATES to all parts of the world.

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, PRAYA WEST.
Hongkong, 1st September, 1882. [601]

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

I HAVE this day Established myself as
MERCHANT & COMMISSION AGENT
at this Port, under the name of PO-SHUN
YANG HONG. 行洋順保
CHONG QUAN SANG
CHONG YUN STREET,
街通魯
Canton, 1st June, 1883. [427]

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION OF VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY IN JERVOIS STREET.

TO be Sold Pursuant to a Decree of the
Supreme Court of Hongkong Original
Jurisdiction in a Suit FONG KUNG PO vs.
WONG HING PO and KWOK IN KAI, No.
125 of 1882, by Mr. J. M. GUEDES on the
Premises, on

FRIDAY,

the 22nd day of June, 1883, at 3 P.M.,
ALL that PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND
Registered in the Land Office as Sub-section
No. 1 of Section A of MARINE LOT No. 19,
measuring on the North 14 feet 9 inches on
the South 14 feet 9 inches on the East
side 61 feet and 3 inches on the West
side 61 feet and 3 inches. Held for 999
years from the 10th day of September, 1855.
Appertained Crown Rent \$11 32.

Particulars and Conditions of Sale may be
had gratis from

Messrs. SHARP, TOLLER, & JOHNSON,
Supreme Court House Hongkong,
Solicitors.

or from J. M. GUEDES,

Auctioneer,
(Signed) E. J. ACKROYD,
Registrar.

Dated this 14th day of June, 1883. [474]

PUBLIC AUCTION

OF ENGLISH AND CANTON-MADE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. have received
instructions from R. COOKE, Esq., to Sell
by Public Auction, at his Residence, No. 1,
Westbourne Villas, Bonham Road, on

TUESDAY,

the 26th instant, at Two O'CLOCK P.M.,
THE WHOLE OF HIS

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Comprising:—
ENGLISH-MADE WALNUT DRAWING-
ROOM SUITE, WHATNOT, MARBLE-TOP
TABLES, MIRRORS, LACE CURTAINS,
CARPET.
DINING TABLE, MAHOGANY SIDE-
BOARD, GLASS, CROCKERY and PLATED
WARE, BOOK CASES, FENDERS and
FIRE IRONS, PICTURES.
BEDSTEAD with SPRING MAT-
TRESSES, LADY'S WARDROBE, CHEVAL
GLASS, MARBLE-TOP WASHSTAND and
DRESSING TABLE, INLAID TABLE and
CHAIRS.

Also,
A COTTAGE-PIANO, by COLLARD and
COLLARD.
A Collection of Choice FERNS and FLOWER
POTS.

Terms—Cash.
Catalogues will be issued, and the Furniture
on view the day previous to the Sale.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, 19th June, 1883. [485]

To be Let.

TO BE LET,
(WITH POSSESSION FROM THE 1ST JULY NEXT.)

FIVE COMMODIOUS and well VENTI-
LATED ROOMS suitable for OFFICES
of a FAMILY DWELLING HOUSE at No. 24,
Praya Central, corner of Pottinger Street.

Apply to

F. VINCENT, 8, Peel Street.

Hongkong, 8th June, 1883. [450]

TO LET.

FOR ONE YEAR from June next, the New
BUNGALOW at the PEAK on R. B. Lot
20, now roofed in and nearly completed, the
property of Mr. J. ENSTON SQUIER.
For all information, apply to

BIRD & PALMER.

Queen's Road,
Hongkong, 19th April, 1883. [307]

TO LET.

NO. 4, OLD BAILEY STREET,
No. 6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,
lately occupied by PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP
COMPANY.

Apply to DAVID SASSON, SONS & Co.,
Hongkong, 10th April, 1883. [7]

TO LET.

A TWO STOREY HOUSE (6 ROOMS)
with GARDEN in Mosque Junction. The
above has Gas and Water laid on; and im-
mediate possession can be had.
For Particulars apply to

D. NOWROJEE, Hongkong Hotel.

Hongkong, 6th April, 1883. [18]

TO LET.

A GROUND FLOOR
AT NO. 8, OLD BAILEY STREET.

Apply to THE PREMISES.

Hongkong, 8th June, 1883. [447]

Intimations.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MR. F. VINCENT'S WINE and SPIRIT
STORE and also the BAKERY now at
No. 8, Peel Street, will be REMOVED from
1st July next, to No. 24, PRAYA CENTRAL.
Hongkong, 8th June, 1883. [451]

INTIMATION.

SIGNOR ANTONIO CATTANEO, of the
CONSERVATOR DE BENEFICIO and late
of the ROYAL ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY has
the honor to inform the community that he has
arranged to remain in Hongkong, and will give
lessons in Music, Singing and the Piano-forte.

CHARGES STRICTLY MODERATE.
Address—Messrs. KELLY & WALSH,
Queen's Road.

Hongkong, 1st March, 1883. [168]

Intimations.

SAYLE & CO.'S SHOWROOMS.

SAYLE & CO.

WE ARE NOW SHOWING EX "GLENFALLOCH."

NEW FOULARD and BROCHI SILKS.
Brown and Green, SILK LAVENTINE for Re-
covering UMBRELLAS.
NEW WHITE DRESS MATERIALS in Great
Variety.
EGYPTIAN and VICTORIA LAWNS.
DRESS SATENS in every Colour.
White Swiss Checked DRESS MUSLINS.
Boys' GALATEA, HOLLAND, DRILL, and
FLANNEL Washing Suits in every size.

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

SAYLE & CO.

VICTORIA EXCHANGE, HONGKONG. [249]

W. BREWER.

HAS JUST RECEIVED.

MEERSCHAUM CIGAR AND CIGARETTE HOLDERS. NEW CIGARETTES AND TOBACCOS.

CHEAP ACCOUNT BOOKS in Great Variety.
FASHIONABLE FANCY STATIONERY IN BOXES; Very Cheap.
THIN OVERLAND BOOK, LETTER, AND NOTE PAPERS AND ENVELOPES,
at a Cheaper Rate than can be laid down from London.
LETTER BOOKS, WATER WELLS, RULERS, and COMMERCIAL REQUISITES,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

NEW BOOKS.

A Quantity of FRANKLIN SQUARE AND SEASIDE LIBRARIES.
WALSH'S MODERN SPORTSMAN'S GUN AND RIFLE.
WHOLE—WHO?

STATESMAN'S YEAK BOOK.

GILDER'S ICE PACK AND TUNDRA.
LAWN TENNIS SETS. SQUEEZER PLAYING CARDS AND
CRICKET MARKERS.

SULLIVAN'S NEW OPERA "IOLANthe." BEZIQUE.

Hongkong, 19th June, 1883. W. BREWER,
QUEEN'S ROAD. [703]

KELLY & WALSH

HAVE JUST ESTABLISHED ON THEIR PREMISES AT THE REAR OF THE STORE,

A LARGE

PRINTING AND BOOK-BINDING OFFICE.

THE PLANT is quite new, the machinery being of the best and most recent construction,
and the type, which has been selected with the greatest care, includes not
only all the Standard Fonts, but an immense variety of styles in FANCY LETTERS
and ORNAMENTATION.

UNDER this head, we are prepared to execute quickly and cheaply all kinds of Book
Work, Commercial Reports and Circulars, Bills of Lading, Shipping, Invoice, and
Memorandum Forms, Letter Headings, Annual Statements and Reports, Telegraph
Codes, Price Lists, Forms of Bills of Exchange, Receipts, Delivery and Godown Orders,
&c., &c. We invite the fullest comparison of our Prices with those of other houses, whether
in Hongkong or at Home.

FANCY PRINTING.

WE intend to make a specialty of this class of work. Having a most extensive and
varied assortment of Fancy Type, which will be maintained at the highest possible
Standard of excellence, by the addition of the newest designs immediately they are issued
from the leading English and American Foundries, we are in a position to produce first
class work, and feel confident that our efforts in this direction will give satisfaction.

GOLD, SILVER and COLOUR PRINTING.
WILL RECEIVE PARTICULAR ATTENTION.

MENUS, BALL PROGRAMMES, INVITATIONS, VISITING CARDS,
WEDDING, AT HOME, AND LAWN TENNIS CARDS.

BOOK-BINDING.
Books carefully bound in Morocco, Russia, Calf, Cloth, or in any required style.

Special terms quoted for binding the books of Club, Customs, or Private Libraries.
Music bound in limp leather or cloth, and finished in the best style of workmanship.

ACCOUNT BOOK MANUFACTURERS.
Papers, ruled and printed to any Pattern, however intricate, and strongly bound.

Machine Ruling.
CHIT BOOKS of all kinds for Ladies, for Gentlemen, for Business, and for Official use.

ALL CHIT BOOKS purchased from our stock will be lettered free of charge.

The office is under experienced European management and subject to our constant
personal supervision.

Our prices will be found as reasonable as is consistent with sound workmanship and
good material.

The Machinery at our command will enable us to undertake work of the cheapest
kind, competing in this respect with the Chinese.

We shall at all times be glad to furnish Estimates.

KELLY & WALSH—HONGKONG. [560]

"NOVELTY STORE,"

MARINE HOUSE, QUEEN'S ROAD.

JUST RECEIVED.

A SMALL CONSIGNMENT OF MALTESE LACE AND SILVER FILIGREE WORK,
COMPRISING—

White and Black Silk Trimming Lace.
" Cotton Trimming Lace.
" Silk Handkerchief Border.
" Silk Circular and Square D'oyleys.
" and Black Silk Filigree.
" Silk Parasol Cover.
" Cotton Parasol Cover.
" Silk Veil and Scarf.
" Silk Collar and Cuffs.
" Silk Collar Breast Pendant.
" Silk Collar Breast Pointed.
" Cotton Collar Breast Pointed.
" and Black Silk Necktie.
" Silk Mittens.

Silver Filigree Pendant, St. John's Cross & Crown.
" Earrings to match the above.
" Fancy Pendant.
" Plain Chain Necklet.
" Fancy Locket.
" Fancy Bracelet.
" Brooch (Love Knot).
" " (Marguerite).
" " (Shell).
" " (Circular).
" " (Fan).
" " (Lily).
Earrings to match the above.

AN INSPECTION IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.
ANY OF THE ABOVE ORDERED THROUGH THIS "STORE" WILL BE
CHARGED FOR AT COST PRICE.

S. MEYERS,
MANAGER. [28]

Hongkong, 11th June, 1883.

GUEDDES & CO. PRINTERS, STATIONERS, AND BOOKBINDERS, D'AGUILAR STREET.

EVERY KIND OF WORK EXECUTED WITH
ACCURACY, NEATNESS, AND DESPATCH
ON
VERY MODERATE TERMS.

SELECTED MATERIALS FOR
MARKET REPORTS.

Book-binding and Ruling in every style executed
at low rates. Workmanship Guaranteed.
Hongkong, 23rd August, 1882. [4]

CHS. J. GAUFF & CO.

CHRONOMETER, WATCH, AND CLOCK-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER-SMITHS, AND OPTICIANS.

CHARTS AND BOOKS.
NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.

SOLE AGENTS
for Louis Audemars' Watches, awarded the
highest Prizes at every Exhibition; and
for Voigtlander and Sohn's
CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES, MARINE
GLASSES, AND SPECTACLES.

No. 38, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. [478]

Mails.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
THROUGH TO NEW-YORK, VIA OVER-
LAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUCHING
AT YOKOHAMA, AND SAN
FRANCISCO.

THE U. S. Mail Steamship

"CITY OF RIO DE JANEIRO,"
will be despatched for San Francisco, via Yoko-
hama on TUESDAY, the 26th inst, at THREE
P.M., taking Passengers and Freight for Japan,
the United States, and Europe.

Through Bills of Lading issued for trans-
portation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports,
to San Francisco, and Atlantic and Inland
Cities of the United States, via Overland Rail-
ways, to Havana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and
to ports in Mexico, Central and South America;
by the Company's connecting Steamers,
Through Passage Tickets granted to England,
France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines
of Steamers.

RETURN PASSAGES.—Passengers, who
have paid full fare, re-embarking at San Fran-
cisco for China or Japan (or vice versa) within
six months, will be allowed a discount of 20 per
cent. from Return Fare; if re-embarking within
one year, an allowance of 10 per cent. will be
made from Return Fare. Pre-Paid Return
Passage Orders, available for one year, will be
issued at a Discount of 25 per cent. from Return
Fare. These allowances do not apply to through
fares from China and Japan to Europe.

Freight will be received on board until 5 P.M.
on the 15th inst. Parcel Packages will be
received at the Office until 5 P.M. same day; all
Parcel Packages should be marked, to ad-
dress in full; value of same is required.

Consular Invoices to accompany Overland
Cargo should be sent to the Company's Offices
in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector
of Customs at San Francisco.

For further information as to Passage and
Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company,
No. 50A, Queen's Road Central.

F. E. FOSTER,
Agent.

Hongkong, 8th June, 1883. [1]

Consignees.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Steamship

"CITY OF RIO DE JANEIRO"
the above Steamship having arrived, Consignees
of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their
Bills of Lading for Countersignature and to take
immediate delivery of their Goods from along-
side.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel
will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk
and expense.

F. E. FOSTER,
Agent.

Hongkong, 14th June, 1883. [4]

Intimations.

PURCHASE OF COALS.

SEALED TENDERS marked "Tender for
Coals" will be received by the Under-
signed up to FOUR P.M. the 30th June, 1883, for
the SUPPLY of 350 Tons of the Best Fresh
Wrought AUSTRALIAN COAL.

THE COAL is to be subject to the approval of
the receiving officers and is to be delivered free
into the Naval Godowns, Kowloon.

The right to refuse the lowest or any Tender
is reserved.

WILLIAM HYNES,
Acting Storekeeper.

H.M.'s Naval Yard,
Hongkong, 19th June, 1883. [483]

THE CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of this Com-
pany will be CLOSED from the 25th to
the 30th instant, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board of Directors.

J. BRADLEE SMITH,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 18th June, 1883. [481]

HONGKONG AND CHINA GAS COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE TRANSFER BOOK of this Company
will be CLOSED from the 18th instant,
until the 2nd proximo, both days included.

HENRY R. H. MARTIN,
Manager.

Hongkong, 14th June, 1883. [468]

CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRA-
ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING
of the CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY,
LIMITED, will be held at the Head Office,
Victoria, Hongkong, on TUESDAY, the 3rd day
of July, 1883, at FOUR O'CLOCK, in the
AFTERNOON, when the Resolutions which were
passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of
the Company held on the 12th day of June, 1883,
will be submitted for Confirmation as Special
Resolutions.

By Order of the Board, W. H. RAY,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 13th June, 1883. [461]

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

A FIRST INTERIM BONUS of TWENTY
per cent. upon Contributions for the year
1882 has this day been DECLARED.

WARRANTS may be had on Application at the
Office of the Society on and after the 21st
instant.

By Order of the Board, DOUGLAS JONES,
Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, 7th May, 1883. [460]

Shipping.

STEAMERS.

FOR SYDNEY, MELBOURNE, AND
ADELAIDE.